

Within this resource you'll find the solutions for all of the quiz and exam questions that require students to complete math equations or balancing chemical formulas.

## Quiz 2

- 6. How many millimeters are in a meter?1 m x 1000 mm/m = 1000 mm
- 7. How many seconds are in a hectosecond?1 hs x 100 s / 1 hs = 100 s
- 8. How many deciliters are in a liter?1 L x 10 dL/1L = 10 dL
- 9. Convert 9.73 grams to kilograms.
  9.73 g x 1g/1000 kg = 0.00973
- 10. Convert 12,376 meters to centimeters. 12,376 m x 100 cm/m = 123.76 cm

## Quiz 5

- Calculate the density of an object with a mass of 25 grams and a volume of 32 mL.
   D = ? m = 25 g V = 32 mL
  - D = m/v D = 25 g/32 mL D = .78 g/mL
- 2. What is the mass of an object with a density of 1.25 g/cm3 and a volume of 15 cm3?
  m = ?
  D = 1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
  V = 15 cm<sup>3</sup>
  - m = DxV  $m = 1.25 ext{ x 15}$   $m = 18.75 ext{ g}$
- 3. What is the volume of an object with a mass of 8.71 g and a density of 10.42 g/mL?

v = ?	m = 8.71 g	D = 10.42 g/mL
V = m/D	V = 8.71/10.42	V = 0.84 mL

## Exam 1

- Convert 79.12 liters into hectoliters.
   79.12 L x 1 hL/ 100L = 0.7912 hL
- 10. Convert 1.43 grams into milligrams. 1.43 g x 1000 mg/ 1g = 1430 mg
- 30. What is the density of a substance with a mass of 5.92 g and a volume of 22.41 mL? d=m/v d= 5.92/22.41 = .26
- 31. What is the mass of a substance with a density of 1.77 g/cm<sup>3</sup> and a volume of 32.95 cm<sup>3</sup>? m=dv m = (1.77)(32.95)= 58.32
- 32. What is the volume of a substance with a density of 4.38 g/mL and a mass of 70.25 g?

v=m/d v = 70.25/4.38 = 16.04

- 8. What is the molarity of a solution that has 2.42 moles of solute dissolved in 10.35 L of water?
  mol = 2.42 moles L = 10.35 L M =?
  M = mol/L M = 2.42 mol/10.35 L
  M = 0.23 M
- 9. How many liters of water need to be used to make a 0.83 M solution with 3.91 moles of solute?

M = 0.83 M mol = 3.91 moles L = ? L = mol/M L = 3.91 mol/0.83 M L = 4.71 L

10. How many moles of solute are dissolved in 876 mL of water to make a 0.98 M solution?

L = 876 mL = 0.876 L M = 0.98 M mol = ? mol = M x L mol = 0.98 M x 0.876 L mol = 0.86 mol

- 23. When the equation below is balanced, what is the coefficient in front of Fe? Fe +  $O_2 \rightarrow Fe_2O_3$  **4** Fe + 3  $O_2 \rightarrow 2$  Fe<sub>2</sub> $O_3$ Fe = 4 4 | Fe = 2 4 O = 2 3 | O = 3 6
- 24. When the equation below is balanced, what is the coefficient in front of  $O_2$ ?

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Fe} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \\ & 4 \text{ Fe} + \textbf{3} \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \\ & \text{Fe} = \textbf{4} \text{ } | \text{ Fe} = \textbf{2} \text{ 4} \\ & \text{O} = \textbf{2} \text{ 3} & | \text{ O} = \textbf{3} \text{ 6} \end{aligned}$ 

25. When the equation below is balanced, what is the coefficient in front of  $Fe_2O_3$ ?

 $Fe + O_2 \rightarrow Fe_2O_3$   $4 Fe + 3 O_2 \rightarrow 2 Fe_2O_3$  Fe = 4 | Fe = 24 O = 23 | O = 36

33. What is the molarity of a solution that has 25 moles of NaCl dissolved in 2.5 liters of water?

mol = 25 moles L = 2.5 L M = ? M = mol/L M = 25 mol/2.5 L M = 10 M

34. How many moles of solute are dissolved in 1.5 L of water if the solution has a molarity of 0.80 M?

L = 1.5 L M = 0.80 M mol = ? mol = M x L mol = 0.80 M x 1.5 L mol = 1.2 moles

- 9. How fast does a train travel if it takes 426 seconds to travel 9,758 meters?
   v = ?
   t = 426 s
   d = 9,758 m
   v = d/t
   v = 9,758 m/426 s
   v = 22.91 s
- 10. If a shark swims at a rate of 9.09 m/s, how long will it take for it to swim 500 meters?

v = 9.09 m/s d = 500 m t = ? v = d/t t = d/v t = 500 m/ 9.09 m/s t = 55.01 s 9. What is the acceleration of an object that goes from 20 m/s to 10 m/s in 2.5 seconds?

 $v_i = 20 \text{ m/s}$   $v_f = 10 \text{ m/s}$  t = 2.5 s a = ? $a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t}$  $a = \frac{10 \text{ m/s} - 20 \text{ m/s}}{2.5 \text{ s}}$   $a = \frac{-10 \text{ m/s}}{2.5 \text{ s}}$   $a = -4 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

10. How long does it take a person to accelerate from 3 m/s to 9 m/s if they accelerate at a rate of 1 m/s<sup>2</sup>?

 $v_{i} = 3 \text{ m/s} \qquad v_{f} = 9 \text{ m/s} \qquad a = 1 \text{ m/s}^{2} \qquad t = ?$   $t = \frac{v_{f} - v_{i}}{a}$   $t = \frac{9 \text{ m/s} - 3 \text{ m/s}}{1 \text{ m/s}^{2}} \qquad t = 6 \text{ s}$ 

6. What is the net force on an object if it has an applied force of 380 N and a friction force of 320 N?

 $F_A = 380 \text{ N} \qquad F_f = 320 \text{ N} \qquad F_{net} = ? \\ F_{net} = F_A - F_f \qquad \\ F_{net} = 380 \text{ N} - 320 \text{ N} \qquad F_{net} = 60 \text{ N}$ 

10. An object with a mass of 25 kg accelerates at 2.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>. What is the net force on the object?

$$\label{eq:metric} \begin{split} m &= 25 \ \text{kg} & a = 2.5 \ \text{m/s}^2 & \text{F}_{\text{net}} = ? \\ \text{F}_{\text{net}} &= ma \\ \text{F}_{\text{net}} &= (25 \ \text{kg})(2.5 \ \text{m/s}^2) & \text{F}_{\text{net}} = 62.5 \ \text{N} \end{split}$$

8. What is the weight of a 750 kg object? m = 750 kg  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$   $F_g = ?$   $F_g = mg$  $F_g = (750 \text{ kg})(10 \text{ m/s}^2) = 7,500 \text{ N}$  10. What is the momentum of a 40 kg cheetah that is running at a velocity of 29

m/s?p = ?m = 40 kgv = 29 m/sp = mvp = (40 kg)(29 m/s)p = 1,160 kg·m/s

8. A truck pulls a trailer 14 m and exerts a force of 785 N. How much work is done on the trailer?

d = 14 m F = 785 N W = ? W = Fd W = (785 N)(14 m) W = 10,990 J

9. How much power would be required to lift a 7 N donut from the table to your mouth (a distance of 0.5 m) in 0.25 s?

P = ? P =  $\frac{W}{t}$ W = Fd P =  $\frac{3.50 \text{ J}}{0.25 \text{ s}}$ F = 7 N W = 0.5 m U = 0.25 s W = 0.25 s W = 0.25 s

10. You pull a sled up a 15 m snow-covered hill. In the process, you do 405 J of work on the sled. How much force did you exert on the sled?

d = 15 m W = 405 J F = ? W = Fd F =  $\frac{W}{d}$ W =  $\frac{405 J}{15 m}$  W = 27 N 6. How much kinetic energy do you have if you run down the hallway at 7 m/s if you have a mass of 60 kg?

K = ?m = 60 kgv = 7 m/sK =  $\frac{1}{2}$  mv²KK =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (60 kg)(7 m/s)²K =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (60 kg)(49 m²/s²)K = 1,470 JK = 1,470 J

7. A 45 kg rock is placed at the top of a 30 m high cliff. What is the potential energy of the rock at the top of the cliff?

 $U_{G} = ?$  m = 45 kg h = 30 m g = 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>  $U_{G} = mgh$  $U_{G} = (45 kg)(10 m/s<sup>2</sup>)(30 m)$   $U_{G} = 13,500 J$  10. What is the mechanical advantage of a steering wheel if you apply a force of 55.0 N to the steering wheel and it applies 132 N of force to the steering column?

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Input force = 55 NOutput force = 132 NMechanical advantage = ?Mechanical advantage = \frac{output force}{input force}Mechanical advantage = \frac{132 N}{55 N}Mechanical Advantage = 2.4
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- 5. What is the velocity of a runner who travels 200 meters in 35 seconds?  $d = 200 \text{ m} \qquad t = 35 \text{ s} \qquad v = ?$   $v = \frac{d}{t}$   $v = \frac{200 \text{ m}}{35 \text{ s}} \qquad v = 5.71 \text{ m/s}$
- 8. A car entering a freeway accelerates from 14 m/s to 25 m/s in 4 seconds. What is its acceleration?

 $v_i = 14 \text{ m/s}$   $v_f = 25 \text{ m/s}$  t = 4 s a = ? $a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t}$  $a = \frac{25 \text{ m/s} - 14 \text{ m/s}}{4 \text{ s}}$   $a = \frac{11 \text{ m/s}}{4 \text{ s}}$   $a = 2.75 \text{ m/s}^2$ 

9. A cheetah accelerates at a rate of 7 m/s<sup>2</sup>. If its top speed is 36 m/s and it starts at a dead stop, how long will it take for the cheetah to reach its top speed?

a = 7 m/s<sup>2</sup> v<sub>f</sub> = 36 m/s v<sub>i</sub> = 0 m/s t = ?  
t = 
$$\frac{\frac{v_f - v_i}{a}}{7 m/s^2}$$
 t = 5.14 s

14. What is the net force of an object being pulled across the floor with a force of 95 N if the friction force is 35 N?

 $\begin{array}{ll} F_{net} = ? & F_{A} = 95 \ N & F_{f} = 35 \ N \\ F_{net} = F_{A} - F_{f} & \\ F_{net} = 95 \ N - 35 \ N & F_{net} = 60 \ N \end{array}$ 

15. How much net force is needed to accelerate a 25 kg object 7.3 m/s<sup>2</sup>?

F = ? m = 25 kg  $a = 7.3 \text{ m/s}^2$ F = ma F = (25 kg)(7.3 m/s<sup>2</sup>) a = 182.5 N 20. What is the weight of an 89.2 kg object?

F = ? m = 89.2 kg g = 10 m/s<sup>2</sup> F = mg F = (89.2 kg)(10 m/s<sup>2</sup>) F = 892 N

24. A 12 kg bowling ball travels at a rate of 3 m/s. What is the momentum of the bowling ball?

m = 12 kg v = 3 m/s p = ? p = mvp = (12 kg)(3 m/s) p = 36 kg·m/s

27. How much work is done to lift a 64 kg object 5.1 meters off the ground?

28. How much power is required to do 855 J of work in 12 seconds?

t = 12 s W = 855 J P = ?  $P = \frac{W}{t}$  $P = \frac{855 J}{12 s}$  P = 71.25 W

31. How much potential energy does a 68 kg base jumper have at the top of a 95-meter-high cliff?

m = 68 kgh = 95 mg = 10 m/s² $U_G = ?$  $U_G = mgh$  $U_G = (68 kg)(95 m/s²)(10 m)$  $U_G = 64,600 J$ 

32. How much kinetic energy does a 0.5 kg baseball have if it is moving at 40 m/s?

K = ?m = 0.5 kgv = 40 m/sK =  $\frac{1}{2}$  mv²K =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (0.5 kg)(40 m/s)²K = 400 J

42. What is the mechanical advantage of a lever if you apply a force of 12 N and it applies 96 N to open a treasure chest?

Mechanical advantage =  $\frac{output force}{input force}$ Mechanical advantage = 8 Mechanical advantage =  $\frac{96 N}{12 N}$ 

3. A TV uses a current of 1.5 amperes with a voltage of 120 volts. What is the resistance of the TV?

I = 1.5 A V = 120 V R = ? V = IR  $R = \frac{V}{I}$  $R = \frac{120 V}{1.5 A}$  R = 80  $\Omega$ 

4. A 2 ohm resistor is hooked up to a 60 volt battery. How much current is running through it?

R = 2 Ω	V = 60 V	= ?
V = IR	$I = \frac{V}{R}$	
$I = \frac{60 V}{2 \Omega}$	I = 30 A	

5. What is the voltage of a battery that pushes a current of 3.2 amperes through a resistor that measures 17 ohms?

V = ?I = 3.2 AR = 17 ΩV = IRV = (3.2 A)(17 Ω)V = 54.4 V

- 17. If the 6 cm crest of one wave overlaps with the 2 cm trough of another wave, what will the amplitude of the resultant wave be?
  + 6 cm 2 cm = 4 cm
- 38. What is the potential difference across a 2.5-ohm resistor with 3 amps of current running through it?

R = 2.5 Ω I = 3 A V = 9 VV = IR V = (3 A)(2.5 Ω) V = 7.5 V

39. How much resistance does a curling iron have if it is hooked up to a 120-volt outlet and draws 15 amps of current?

V = 120 V	I = 15 A	R = ?
V = IR	R = V/I	
I = 120 V/15 A	Ι = 8 Ω	